

June 30, 1920, and for other purposes," which reads as follows: "That until otherwise provided by law no midshipman found deficient at the close of the last and succeeding academic terms shall be involuntarily discontinued at the Naval Academy or in the service unless he shall fail upon reexamination in the subjects in which found deficient at an examination to be held at the beginning of the next and succeeding academic terms, and the Secretary of the Navy shall provide for the special instruction of such midshipmen in the subjects in which found deficient during the period between academic terms," be, and the same hereby is, repealed, and section 1519 of the Revised Statutes restored to its full force and effect.

Approved, October 22, 1921.

Former law restored.
R. S., sec. 1519, p. 261.

October 28, 1921.
[S. 71.]
[Public, No. 84.]

CHAP. 114.—An Act For the consolidation of the offices of register and receiver in district land offices in certain cases, and for other purposes.

Public lands.
Offices of register
and receiver may be
consolidated.
Conditions.
R. S., sec. 2234, p.
392, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to consolidate the offices of register and receiver in any district land office, and to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register for such land office and to abolish the office of receiver of such land office upon sixty days' notice of such abolition mailed to such register and receiver whenever the total compensation for both register and receiver of such land office shall fall below the sum of \$4,000 per annum, and in his opinion the interests of the service warrant such abolition.

Register to perform
duties of receiver.

Within sixty days after the mailing of such notice the office of receiver of such land office shall cease to exist, and all the powers, duties, obligations, and penalties imposed by law upon both register and receiver of such office shall be exercised by and imposed upon the register so appointed, who shall be paid a salary of \$500 per annum, together with the fees and commissions otherwise allowable to both register and receiver: *Provided,* That the salary, fees, and commissions of such register shall not exceed \$3,000 per annum.

Proviso.
Maximum compen-
sation.

Acting register in
case of vacancy.

SEC. 2. That in case of a vacancy in the office of register by reason of death, resignation, or removal, or in case of inability to act, the Secretary of the Interior may designate for the period of such vacancy or inability to act the chief clerk of such office, or any other qualified employee of the Department of the Interior to act as register, subject to the filing of such bond or bonds as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, and the same authority is conferred upon the person so designated which such register lawfully possesses, except that no contest or protest shall be decided or disposed of by such clerk or employee, but all such decisions shall be deferred until the appointment or return of the register.

Approved, October 28, 1921.

November 2, 1921.
[H. R. 7848.]
[Public, No. 85.]

CHAP. 115.—An Act Authorizing appropriations and expenditures for the administration of Indian affairs, and for other purposes.

Indian Department.
Authorization of
specified expendi-
tures.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Bureau of Indian Affairs, under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, shall direct, supervise, and expend such moneys as Congress may from time to time appropriate, for the benefit, care, and assistance of the Indians throughout the United States for the following purposes:

General support and civilization, including education.

For relief of distress and conservation of health.

For industrial assistance and advancement and general administration of Indian property.

For extension, improvement, operation, and maintenance of existing Indian irrigation systems and for development of water supplies.

For the enlargement, extension, improvement, and repair of the buildings and grounds of existing plants and projects.

For the employment of inspectors, supervisors, superintendents, clerks, field matrons, farmers, physicians, Indian police, Indian judges, and other employees.

For the suppression of traffic in intoxicating liquor and deleterious drugs.

For the purchase of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use.

And for general and incidental expenses in connection with the administration of Indian affairs.

Approved, November 2, 1921.

CHAP. 116.—Joint Resolution Accepting the invitation of the Republic of Brazil to take part in an international exposition to be held in Rio de Janeiro in 1922.

November 2, 1921.
[S. J. Res. 114.]
[Pub. Res., No. 25.]

Whereas the United States has been invited by the Republic of Brazil to take part in an international exposition, to consist of exhibits relating to farming, cattle industry, fisheries, mining and mechanical industries, transportation, communication, commerce, science and fine arts, special emphasis to be placed upon forestal and manufacturing industries, to be held at Rio de Janeiro, commencing the 7th day of September, 1922: Therefore be it

Rio de Janeiro Exposition.
Preamble.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said invitation is accepted.

Invitation by Brazil to participate in, accepted.
Appointment of commissioner general, etc.
Pay.

SEC. 2. That the President is hereby authorized to appoint a commissioner general and five commissioners to represent the United States in the proposed exposition, the amount of whose compensation shall be determined by the Secretary of State: *Provided*, That two of the said commissioners to be designated by the President shall serve without compensation or allowance for expenses. The said commissioner general shall, under the direction of the Secretary of State, make all needful rules and regulations in reference to the contributions from this country, and to control the expenditure incident to the installation and exhibit thereof, the pay of the commissioner general, commissioners, officials, and employees, and the preparation of the reports of the exposition, and the general results thereof; and he shall make all arrangements necessary for the preparation, transportation, installation, display, and proper care of the exhibits of the Government of the United States, with the cooperation and assistance of the various executive departments, institutions, and branches of the Government that may participate in the exposition, as well as to furnish such information service to private exhibitors and prospective exhibitors as he may deem necessary and feasible: *Provided*, That the executive departments of the Government may designate officials or employees of their respective departments for service in connection with said commission, but no such official or employee so designated shall receive a salary in excess of the amount which he has been receiving in the department where employed, plus such reasonable additional allowance for expenses not now authorized by law as may be deemed proper by the Secretary of State, in view of the fact that such service is to be performed in a foreign country: *Provided further*, That no person appointed or employed by virtue of the provisions of this Act shall receive a greater salary than \$15,000 per annum, and not more than one person shall receive a salary in excess of \$10,000 per annum, and not more than three persons shall receive salaries in excess of \$7,500 per annum.

Provisos.
No pay, etc., to two commissioners.
Authority of commissioner general.

Designation of department officials and employees to assist.
Allowances restricted.

Pay restriction.