# Public Law 102-542 102d Congress

# An Act

To amend certain trademark laws to clarify that States, instrumentalities of States, and officers and employees of States acting in their official capacity, are subject to suit in Federal court by any person for infringement of trademarks, and that all the remedies can be obtained in such suit that can be obtained in a suit against a private entity.

Oct. 27, 1992 [S. 759]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

Trademark Remedy Clarification Act. 15 USC 1051 note

This Act may be cited as the "Trademark Remedy Clarification

#### SEC. 2. REFERENCE TO THE TRADEMARK ACT OF 1946.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amendment is expressed in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registration and protection of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.) (commonly referred to as the Trademark Act of 1946).

### SEC. 3. LIABILITY OF STATES, INSTRUMENTALITIES OF STATES, AND STATE OFFICIALS.

(a) LIABILITY AND REMEDIES.—Section 32(1) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 1114(1)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the fol-

"As used in this subsection, the term 'any person' includes any State, any instrumentality of a State, and any officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity. Any State, and any such instrumentality, officer, or employee, shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in the same manner and to the same extent as any nongovernmental entity."

(b) Liability of States, Instrumentalities of States, and STATE OFFICIALS.—The Act is amended by inserting after section

39 (15 U.S.C. 1121) the following new section:

"SEC. 40. (a) Any State, instrumentality of a State or any officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity, shall not be immune, under the eleventh amendment of the Constitution of the United States or under any other doctrine of sovereign immunity, from suit in Federal court by any person, including any governmental or non-governmental entity for any violation under this Act.

"(b) In a suit described in subsection (a) for a violation described in that subsection, remedies (including remedies both at law and in equity) are available for the violation to the same extent as such remedies are available for such a violation in a suit against any person other than a State, instrumentality of a State, or officer

15 USC 1122.

or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity. Such remedies include injunctive relief under section 34, actual damages, profits, costs and attorney's fees under section 35, destruction of infringing articles under section 36, the remedies provided for under sections 32, 37, 38, 42 and 43, and for any other remedies provided under this Act.".

(c) False Designation of Origin and False Descriptions Forbidden.—Section 43(a) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 1125(a)) is

amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;

(2) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and (3) by adding at the end thereof:

"(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'any person' includes any State, instrumentality of a State or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity. Any State, and any such instrumentality, officer, or employee, shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in the same manner and to the same extent as any nongovernmental entity."

(d) DEFINITION.—Section 45 of the Act (15 U.S.C. 1127) is amended by inserting after the fourth undesignated paragraph

the following:

"The term 'person' also includes any State, any instrumentality of a State, and any officer or employee of a State or instrumentality of a State acting in his or her official capacity. Any State, and any such instrumentality, officer, or employee, shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in the same manner and to the same extent as any nongovernmental entity."

15 USC 1114 note.

## SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this Act shall take effect with respect to violations that occur on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved October 27, 1992.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 759:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 102–280 (Comm. on the Judiciary). CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 138 (1992):

June 12, considered and passed Senate. Oct. 3, considered and passed House.