Public Law 86-523

June 27, 1960 [S. 1185]

AN ACT

To provide for the preservation of historical and archeological data (including relics and specimens) which might otherwise be lost as the result of the construction of a dam,

Historical and archeological data, preservation.

49 Stat. 666.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is the purpose of this Act to further the policy set forth in the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes", approved August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461-467), by specifically providing for the preservation of historical and archeological data (including relics and specimens) which might otherwise be irreparably lost or destroyed as the result of flooding, the building of access roads, the erection of workmen's communities, the relocation of railroads and highways, and other alterations of the terrain caused by the construction of a dam by any agency of the United States, or by any private person or corporation holding a license issued by any such agency.

Dam construction. Advance notice.

SEC. 2. (a) Before any agency of the United States shall undertake the construction of a dam, or issue a license to any private individual or corporation for the construction of a dam, it shall give written notice to the Secretary of the Interior setting forth the site of the proposed dam and the approximate area to be flooded and otherwise changed if such construction is undertaken: Provided, That with respect to any floodwater retarding dam which provides less than five thousand acre-feet of detention capacity and with respect to any other type of dam which creates a reservoir of less than forty surface acres the provisions of this section shall apply only when the constructing agency, in its preliminary surveys, finds, or is presented with evidence that historical or archeological materials exist or may be present in the proposed reservoir area.

Survey.

(b) Upon receipt of any notice, as provided in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary"), shall cause a survey to be made of the area proposed to be flooded to ascertain whether such area contains historical and archeological data (including relics and specimens) which should be preserved in the public interest. Any such survey shall be conducted as expeditiously as possible. If, as a result of any such survey, the Secretary shall determine (1) that such data exists in such area, (2) that such data has exceptional historical or archeological significance, and should be collected and preserved in the public interest, and (3) that it is feasible to collect and preserve such data, he shall cause the necessary work to be performed in such area to collect and preserve such data. All such work shall be performed as expeditiously as possible.

(c) The Secretary shall keep the instigating agency notified at all times of the progress of any survey made under this Act, or of any work undertaken as a result of such survey, in order that there will be as little disruption or delay as possible in the carrying out of the

functions of such agency.

(d) A survey similar to that provided for by section (b) of this section and the work required to be performed as a result thereof shall so far as practicable also be undertaken in connection with any dam the construction of which has been heretofore authorized by any agency of the United States, or by any private person or corporation holding a license issued by any such agency.

(e) The Secretary shall consult with any interested Federal and

State agencies, educational and scientific organizations, and private

Administration.

60 Stat. 810.

institutions and qualified individuals, with a view to determining the ownership of and the most appropriate repository for any relics and specimens recovered as a result of any work performed as provided for in this section.

Sec. 3. In the administration of this Act, the Secretary may-

(1) enter into contracts or make cooperative agreements with any Federal or State agency, any educational or scientific organization, or any institution, corporation, association, or qualified individual; and

(2) procure the temporary or intermittent services of experts or consultants or organizations thereof as provided in section 15

of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and

(3) accept and utilize funds made available for salvage archeological purposes by any private person or corporations holding a license issued by an agency of the United States for the construction of a dam or other type of water or power control project.

Sec. 4. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved June 27, 1960.

Public Law 86-524

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better registration of births in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes".

June 27, 1960 [S. 2327]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of subsection (a) of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better registration of births in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved March 1, 1907 (34 Stat. 1010; sec. 6-301, D.C. Code, 1951 edition), as amended, is

amended to read as follows:

"Upon receipt of any report aforesaid, the Director of Public Health shall forward to the father of the child, or, if his address be unknown, to the mother, an acknowledgment of the receipt of such report, and if the infant delivered be not stillborn, and such report does not contain the given name of the child born, a blank form on which the father or mother may certify over his or her signature the name of such child, which form, if thus executed and returned to said Director, shall be a part of the official record of such birth. In those cases in which no given name of a child has been certified to said Director, and a certificate cannot be executed by a parent because both parents are deceased, unknown, or physically or mentally incapacitated, the Director is authorized to accept and make a part of the official record of the birth of such child a certificate made in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, who are hereby authorized to make rules and regulations governing the certification of the given name of a child where the birth record pertaining to such child does not include such given name.'

SEC. 2. The first section of said Act approved March 1, 1907, as

amended, is amended by adding the following subsection:

"(c) Wherever in this Act the terms 'health officer', 'Director of Public Health', or 'Director' are used, such terms shall mean the Director of the Department of Public Health of the District of Columbia established by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia pursuant to the authority contained in Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824)."

D. C. birth re-

70 Stat. 487. D. C. Code, Supp. VII, 6-301. Certification.

Definitions.