Public Law 91-523

November 25, 1970 [S. 902]

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To amend section 1162 of title 18, United States Code, relating to State jurisdiction over offenses committed by or against Indians in the Indian country.

Indians.
Jurisdiction in
Alaska.
67 Stat. 588;
72 Stat. 545.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a) of section 1162 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by deleting the following:

"Alaska\_\_\_\_\_ All Indian country within the Territory" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Alaska\_\_\_\_\_ All Indian country within the State, except that on Annette Islands, the Metlakatla Indian community may exercise jurisdiction over offenses committed by Indians in the same manner in which such jurisdiction may be exercised by Indian tribes in Indian country over which State jurisdiction has not been extended."

62 Stat. 757; 63 Stat. 94. SEC. 2. Subsection (c) of section 1162 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "(c) The provisions of sections 1152 and 1153 of this chapter shall not be applicable within the areas of Indian country listed in subsection (a) of this section as areas over which the several States have exclusive jurisdiction."

Approved November 25, 1970.

Public Law 91-524

November 30, 1970 [H. R. 18546]

### AN ACT

To establish improved programs for the benefit of producers and consumers of dairy products, wool, wheat, feed grains, cotton, and other commodities, to extend the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, and for other purposes.

Agricultural Act of 1970.

Post, pp. 1362,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Agricultural Act of 1970".

# TITLE I—PAYMENT LIMITATION

Sec. 101. Notwithstanding any other provision of law-

(1) The total amount of payments which a person shall be entitled to receive under each of the annual programs established by titles IV, V, and VI of this Act for the 1971, 1972, or 1973 crop of the commodity shall not exceed \$55,000.

"Payments."

(2) The term "payments" as used in this section includes price-support payments, set-aside payments, diversion payments, public

access payments, and marketing certificates, but does not include loans

or purchases.

(3) If the Secretary determines that the total amount of payments which will be earned by any person under the program in effect for any crop will be reduced under this section, the set-aside acreage for the farm or farms on which such person will be sharing in payments earned under such program shall be reduced to such extent and in such manner as the Secretary determines will be fair and reasonable in relation to the amount of the payment reduction.

(4) The Secretary shall issue regulations defining the term "person" and prescribing such rules as he determines necessary to assure a fair and reasonable application of such limitation: Provided, That the provisions of this Act which limit payments to any person shall not be applicable to lands owned by States, political subdivisions, or agencies thereof, so long as such lands are farmed primarily in the direct furtherance of a public function, as determined by the

Secretary.

# TITLE II—DAIRY

# DAIRY BASE PLANS

Sec. 201. (a) The Agricultural Adjustment Act, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, is further amended by striking in subparagraph (B) of subsection 8c(5) all that part of said subparagraph (B) which follows the comma at the end of clause (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(d) a further adjustment to encourage seasonal adjustments in the production of milk through equitable apportionment of the total value of the milk purchased by any handler, or by all handlers, among producers on the basis of their marketings of milk during a representative period of time, which need not be limited to one year; (e) a provision providing for the accumulation and disbursement of a fund to encourage seasonal adjustments in the production of milk may be included in an order; and (f) a further adjustment, equitably to apportion the total value of milk purchased by all handlers among producers on the basis of their marketings of milk, which may be adjusted to reflect the utilization of producer milk by all handlers in any use classification or classifications, during a The probabilist and ing and other provision of this Act, there incoming not believing malls as producers under the orders upon becoming producers ander the orders shall will in mark days be provided with

Set-aside acreage, reduction.

Regulations.

79 Stat. 1187. 7 USC 608c.

representative period of one to three years, which will be automatically updated each year. In the event a producer holding a base allocated under this clause (f) shall reduce his marketings, such reduction shall not adversely affect his history of production and marketing for the determination of future bases, or future updating of bases, except that an order may provide that, if a producer reduces his marketings below his base allocation in any one or more use classifications designated in the order, the amount of any such reduction shall be taken into account in determining future bases, or future updating of bases. Bases allocated to producers under this clause (f) may be transferable under an order on such terms and conditions, including those which will prevent bases taking on an unreasonable value, as are prescribed in the order by the Secretary of Agriculture. Provisions shall be made in the order for the allocation of bases under this clause (f)—

"(i) for the alleviation of hardship and inequity among producers;

"(ii) for providing bases for dairy farmers not delivering milk as producers under the order upon becoming producers under the order who did not produce milk during any part of the representative period and these new producers shall within ninety days after the first regular delivery of milk at the price for the lowest use classification specified in such order be allocated a base which the Secretary determines proper after considering supply and demand conditions, the development of orderly and efficient marketing conditions and to the respective interests of producers under the order, all other dairy farmers and the consuming public. Producer bases so allocated shall for a period of not more than three years be reduced by not more than 20 per centum; and

"(iii) dairy farmers not delivering milk as producers under the order upon becoming producers under the order by reason of a plant to which they are making deliveries becoming a pool plant under the order, by amendment or otherwise, shall be provided bases with respect to milk delivered under the order based on their past deliveries of milk on the some basis as other producers under the order; and

"(iv) such order may include such additional provisions as the Secretary deems appropriate in regard to the reentry of producers who have previously discontinued their dairy farm enterprise or transferred bases authorized under this clause (f); and

"(v) notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, dairy farmers not delivering milk as producers under the order, upon becoming producers under the order, shall within ninety days be provided with respect to milk delivered under the order, allocations based on their past deliveries of milk during the representative period from the production facilities from which they are delivering milk under the order on the same basis as producers under the order on the effective date of order provisions authorized under this clause (f): Provided, That bases shall be allocated only to a producer marketing milk from the production facilities from which he marketed milk during the represensative period, except that in no event shall such allocation of base exceed the amount of milk actually delivered under such order.

The assignment of other source milk to various use classes shall be made without regard to whether an order contains provisions authorized under this clause (f). In the case of any producer who during any accounting period delivers a portion of his milk to persons not fully regulated by the order, provision shall be made for reducing the allocation of, or payment to be received by, any such producer under this clause (f) to compensate for any marketings of milk to such other persons for such period or periods as necessary to insure equitable

participation in marketings among all producers. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 8c(12) and the last sentence of section 8c(19) of this Act, order provisions under this clause (f) shall not be effective in any marketing order unless separately approved by producers in a referendum in which each individual producer shall have one vote and may be terminated separately whenever the Secretary makes a determination with respect to such provisions as is provided for the termination of an order in subparagraph 8c(16)(B). Disapproval or termination of such order provisions shall not be considered disapproval of the order or of other terms of the order."

(b) The legal status of producer handlers of milk under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, shall be the same subsequent to the adoption of the amendments made

by this Act as it was prior thereto.

(c) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section 201 shall be construed as invalidating any class I base plan provisions of any marketing order previously issued by the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to authority contained in the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965 (79 Stat. 1187), but such provisions are expressly ratified, legalized, and confirmed and may be extended through and including December 31, 1971.

(d) It is not intended that existing law be in any way altered, rescinded, or amended with respect to section 8c(5)(G) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and such section

8c(5)(G) is fully reaffirmed.

(e) The provisions of this section shall not be effective after December 31, 1973 except with respect to orders providing for Class I base plans issued prior to such date, but in no event shall any order so issued extend or be effective beyond December 31, 1976.

49 Stat. 759; 75 Stat. 305. 7 USC 608c.

48 State 31; 50 State 246. 7 USC 601

7 USC 608c

49 State 755. Termination

### SUSPENSION OF BUTTERFAT SUPPORT PROGRAM

Sec. 202. Effective only with respect to the period beginning April 1.

1971, and ending March 31, 1974-

(a) The first sentence of section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1446), is amended by striking the words "milk, butterfat, and the products of milk and butterfat" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and milk".

(b) Paragraph (c) of section 201 of the Agricultural Act of 1949,

as amended (7 U.S.C. 1446(c)), is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The price of milk shall be supported at such level not in excess
of 90 per centum nor less than 75 per centum of the parity price therefor as the Secretary determines necessary in order to assure an adequate supply. Such price support shall be provided through purchases
of milk and the products of milk."

Price supports.

Designated nonbasic commodities. 63 Stat. 1052.

Milk and butterfat. 68 Stat. 899; 70 Stat. 86; 74 Stat. 1054.

# TRANSFER OF DAIRY PRODUCTS TO THE MILITARY AND TO VETERANS HOSPITALS

SEC. 203. Section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1446a), is amended by changing "December 31, 1970" to read "December 31, 1973" both places it appears therein.

81 Stat. 464.

### DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM

SEC. 204. (a) Section 3 of the Act of August 13, 1968 (Public Law 90–484; 82 Stat. 750), is amended by striking out the word "June 30, 1970.", and inserting in lieu thereof the word "June 30, 1973.".

7 USC 4501.

Milk removal-82 Stat. 750. 7 USC 450j.

(b) The first sentence of section 1 of said Act is amended by inserting, "and manufacturers of dairy products who have been directed since the date of enactment of the Agricultural Act of 1970 to remove their dairy products," after "milk", and the second sentence is revised to read: "Any indemnity payment to any farmer shall continue until he has been reinstated and is again allowed to dispose of his milk on 

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Price supports. 68 Stat. 910; 79 Stat. 1188; 82 Stat. 996. 7 USC 1782.

Sec. 301. The National Wool Act of 1954, as amended, is amended as follows:

(1) Designate the first two sentences of section 703 as subsection "(a)", and, in the second sentence, delete "1970" and substitute "1973".

(2) In the third sentence of section 703, delete the portion beginning with "The support price for shorn wool shall be" and ending with "Provided further, That the" and substitute "The", designate the third sentence as subsection "(b)", change the period at the end thereof to a colon and add the following: "Provided. That for the three marketing years beginning January 1, 1971, and ending December 31, 1973, the support price for shorn wool shall be 72 cents per pound, grease basis."

(3) Designate the fourth and fifth sentences of section 703 as subsection "(c)", change the period at the end of the fifth sentence to a colon and add the following: "Provided, That for the three marketing years beginning January 1, 1971, and ending December 31, 1973, the support price for mohair shall be 80.2 cents per pound, grease basis.".

(4) Designate the sixth sentence of section 703 as subsection "(d)". (5) Designate the last sentence of section 703 as subsection "(e)".

# TITLE IV—WHEAT

Price support levels.

79 Stat. 1203. 7 USC 1445a.

Loans and purchases, availability.

Post, p. 1363.

Marketing certificates.

79 Stat. 1202; 76 Stat. 627; 78 Stat. 180. 7 USC 1379b, 1379c.

Face value.

Jose asol.

SEC. 401. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat, section 107 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 107. Notwithstanding any other provision of law—
"(a) Loans and purchases on each crop of wheat shall be made available at such level as the Secretary determines appropriate, taking into consideration competitive world prices of wheat, the feeding value of wheat in relation to feed grains, and the level at which price support is made available for feed grains: Provided, That in no event shall such level be in excess of the parity price for wheat or less than \$1.25 per bushel.

"(b) If a set-aside program is in effect for any crop of wheat under section 379b(c) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, certificates, loans and purchases shall be made available on such crop only to producers who comply with the provisions of such program.

Sec. 402. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat sections 379b and 379c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, are further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 379b. (a) The Secretary shall provide for the issuance of wheat marketing certificates for the purpose of enabling producers on any farm for which certificates are issued to receive, in addition to the other proceeds from the sale of wheat, an amount equal to the face value of such certificates. The face value per bushel of domestic marketing certificates for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat shall be in such amount as, together with the national average market price received by farmers during the first five months of the marketing year for such crop, the Secretary determines will be equal to the parity price for wheat as of the beginning of the marketing year for the crop.

"(b) The domestic wheat marketing certificates shall be made available for a farm on the number of bushels determined by multiplying the domestic allotment for the farm for the crop to which such certificates relate by the projected yield established for the farm with such adjustments as the Secretary determines necessary to provide a fair

and equitable yield.

"(c)(1) The Secretary shall provide for a set-aside of cropland if he determines that the total supply of wheat or other commodities will, in the absence of such a set-aside, likely be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency. If a setaside of cropland is in effect under this subsection (c), then as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and certificates on wheat, the producers on a farm must set aside and devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland equal to (i) such percentage of the domestic wheat allotment for the farm as may be specified by the Secretary and will be estimated by the Secretary to result in a setaside not in excess of 13.3 million acres in the case of the 1971 crop, or 15 million acres in the case of the 1972 or 1973 crop, plus (ii) the acreage of cropland on the farm devoted in preceding years to soilconserving uses, as determined by the Secretary. The Secretary is authorized for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops to limit the acreage planted to wheat on the farm to such percentage of the domestic wheat allotment as he determines necessary to provide an orderly transition to the program provided for under this section. Grazing shall not be permitted during any of the five principal months of the normal growing season as determined by the county committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, and subject to this limitation (1) the Secretary shall permit producers to plant and graze on the set-aside acreage sweet sorghum, and (2) the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, all or any of the set-aside acreage to be devoted to grazing or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, or other commodity, if he determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply, is not likely to increase the cost of the price-support program, and will not adversely affect farm income.

"(2) To assist in adjusting the acreage of commodities to desirable goals, the Secretary may make land diversion payments, in addition to the certificates authorized in subsection (b), available to producers on a farm who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in addition to that required to be so devoted under subsection (c) (1). The land diversion payments for a farm shall be at such rate or rates as the Secretary determines to be fair and reasonable taking into consideration the diversion undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted. The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to adversely affect the economy of the county or local community.

"(3) The wheat program formulated under this section shall require the producer to take such measures as the Secretary may deem appropriate to protect the set-aside acreage and the additional diverted acreage from erosion, insects, weeds, and rodents. Such acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies. The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on

Availability, determination.

Set-aside acreage.

Acreage planted, limitation.

Grazing.

52 Stat. 31; 78 Stat. 743. 16 USC 590h.

Land diversion payments.

Rates.

Acreage limita-

Set-aside acreage, protection. such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm as the Secretary may prescribe by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

Agreement, fil-

Acreage, soil conserving uses.

Agreement, termination or modification.

Certificate and payment sharing.

Noncompliance.

Advancement.

Marketing cards,

Farm domestic

Apportionment among States.

"(4) If the operator of the farm desires to participate in the program formulated under this subsection (c), he shall file his agreement to do so no later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe. Loans and purchases on wheat, marketing certificates, and payments under this section shall be made available to producers on such farm only if the producers set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses an acreage on the farm equal to the number of acres which the operator agrees to set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses, and the agreement shall so provide. The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with the producer, terminate or modify any such agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection (c) (4) if he determines such action

agricultural commodities.

"(d) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of certificates issued and of payments made under this section for any farm among producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster, or in order to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of

"(e) In any case in which the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section preclude the issuance of certificates and the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, issue such certificates and make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as he determines to be equitable in relation to the seriousness of the default.

"(f) The Secretary shall advance to producers, as soon as practicable after July 1 of the year in which the crop is harvested, an amount equal to 75 per centum of the Secretary's estimate of the face value of certificates to be issued with respect to such crop and such advance shall be repaid through the withholding of certificates for such crop having a face value equal to such advance. If the face value of the certificates as finally determined is less than the advance, the difference shall not be required to be repaid.

"(g) The Secretary is authorized to issue such regulations as he

determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.

"(h) Marketing certificates issued under this Act and transfers thereof shall be represented by such documents, marketing cards, records, accounts, certifications, or other statements or forms as the Secretary may prescribe.

"(i) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this

section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"Sec. 379c. (a) (1) The farm domestic allotment for each crop of wheat shall be determined as provided in this section. The Secretary shall proclaim a national domestic allotment for the 1972 and 1973 crops of wheat not later than April 15 of each calendar year for the crop harvested in the next succeeding calendar year. The national domestic allotment for any crop of wheat shall be the number of acres which the Secretary determines on the basis of the estimated national yield will result in marketing certificates being issued to producers participating in the program in an amount equal to the amount of wheat which he estimates will be used for food products for consumption in the United States during the marketing year for the crop (not less than 535 million bushels). The national domestic allotment for any crop of wheat shall be apportioned by the Secretary among the

States on the basis of the apportionment to each State of the national domestic allotment for the preceding crop adjusted to the extent deemed necessary by the Secretary to establish a fair and equitable apportionment base for each State, taking into consideration established crop rotation practices, the estimated decrease in farm domestic allotments, and other relevant factors.

"(2) The State domestic acreage allotment for wheat, less a reserve of not to exceed 1 per centum thereof for apportionment as provided in this subsection, shall be apportioned by the Secretary among the counties in the State, on the basis of the apportionment to each such county of the domestic wheat allotment for the preceding crop, adjusted to the extent deemed necessary by the Secretary in order to establish a fair and equitable apportionment base for each county taking into consideration established crop-rotation practices, the estimated decrease in farm domestic allotments, and other relevant factors.

"(3) The farm domestic allotment for each crop of wheat shall be determined by apportioning the county domestic wheat allotment among farms in the county which had a domestic wheat allotment for the preceding crop on the basis of such allotment, adjusted to reflect established crop-rotation practices and such other factors as the Secretary determines should be considered for the purpose of establishing a fair and equitable allotment. The farm domestic allotment for the 1971 crop of wheat shall be determined by multiplying the farm acreage allotment established for the 1971 crop by a national allocation percentage established in the same manner as for the 1970 crop, but which will result in the allotment of a total of not less than 19.7 million acres and will be based on a wheat marketing allocation of not less than 535 million bushels. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the farm domestic allotment shall be adjusted downward to the extent required by subsection (b).

"(4) Not to exceed 1 per centum of the State domestic allotment for any crop may be apportioned to farms for which there was no domestic allotment for the preceding crop on the basis of the following factors: suitability of the land for production of wheat, the past experience of the farm operator in the production of wheat, the extent to which the farm operator is dependent on income from farming for his livelihood, the production of wheat on other farms owned, operated, or controlled by the farm operator, and such other factors as the Secretary determines should be considered for the purpose of establishing fair and equitable farm domestic allotments. No part of such reserve shall be apportioned to a farm to reflect new cropland brought into production after the date of enactment of the set-aside program for wheat.

"(5) The planting on a farm of wheat of any crop for which no farm domestic allotment was established shall not make the farm eligible for a domestic allotment under subsection (a) (3) nor shall such farm by reason of such planting be considered ineligible for an

allotment under subsection (a) (4).

"(6) The Secretary may make such adjustments in acreage under this Act as he determines necessary to correct for abnormal factors affecting production, and to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop rotation practices, types of soil, soil and water conservation measures, and topography, and in addition, in the case of conserving use acreages and to such other factors as he deems necessary in order to establish a fair and equitable conserving use acreage for the farm.

"(b) (1) If for any crop the total acreage of wheat planted on a farm is less than the farm domestic allotment, the farm domestic allotment used as a base for the succeeding crop shall be reduced by the percentage by which such planted acreage was less than such

County appor-

Factors determining allotment.

Acreage adjustments.

Allotment reduction, conditions.

farm domestic allotment, but such reduction shall not exceed 20 per centum of the farm domestic allotment for the preceding crop. If no acreage has been planted to wheat for three consecutive crop years on any farm which has a domestic allotment, such farm shall lose its domestic allotment. Producers on any farm who have planted to wheat not less than 90 per centum of the domestic allotment for the farm shall be considered to have planted an acreage equal to 100 per centum of such allotment. An acreage on the farm which the Secretary determines was not planted to wheat because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster or a condition beyond the control of the producer shall be considered to be an acreage of wheat planted for harvest. For the purpose of this subsection, the Secretary may permit producers of wheat to have acreage devoted to soybeans or to feed grains for which there is a set-aside program in effect considered as devoted to the production of wheat to such extent and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines will not impair the effective operation of the program.

"(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) (1), no farm domestic allotment shall be reduced or lost through failure to plant the farm domestic allotment, if the producer elects not to receive certificates for the portion of the farm domestic allotment not planted, to which he would otherwise be entitled under the provisions

of this Act."

SEC. 403. Effective only with respect to the marketing years beginning July 1, 1971, July 1, 1972, and July 1, 1973, the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is further amended as follows:

(1) by deleting in the first sentence of section 379d(b) the words "During any marketing year for which a wheat marketing allocation program is in effect," and substituting "During each

marketing year,";

(2) by adding at the end of section 379d(b) the following: "Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Secretary is authorized, to temporarily suspend the requirement for export marketing certificates for the period beginning July 1, 1971, and ending June 30, 1974.

(3) by adding at the end of section 379e the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, Commodity Credit Corporation shall sell marketing certificates for the marketing years for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat to persons engaged in the processing of food products but in determining the cost to processors the face value shall be 75 cents per bushel."

Sec. 404. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops, the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is further

amended as follows:

(1) sections 331, 332, 335, 336, 338, and 339 shall not be applicable 7 USC 1331-1339. to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat;

(2) sections 333 and 334 shall not be applicable to the 1972 and 1973

crops of wheat;

(3) by adding in section 378 a new subsection (e) to read as follows:

"(e) The term 'allotment' as used in this section includes the domestic allotment for wheat."

(4) by adding at the end of section 379 the following sentence: "The term 'acreage allotments' as used in this section includes the domestic allotment for wheat." and

(5) by adding in the first sentence of section 385 after the words "parity payment," the words "payments (including certificates) under the wheat and feed grain set-aside programs,".

Sec. 405. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973

Marketing restrictions.

78 Stat. 181; 79 Stat. 1202, 1203. 7 USC 1379d.

Marketing certificates, sale. 79 Stat. 1206. 7 USC 1709e.

52 Stat. 52; 76 Stat. 618. 79 Stat. 1199.

72 Stat. 995. 7 USC 1378.

79 Stat. 1211. 7 USC 1379.

76 Stat. 626. 7 USC 1385.

Allotments. transfer.

7 USC 1305. crops of wheat, section 706, Public Law 89-321 (79 Stat. 1210), is amended as follows:

(1) by adding in the first sentence after the words "the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended," the words "or

the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended,"; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "The term 'acreage allotments' as used in this section includes the domestic "Acre allotment for wheat."

Sec. 406. Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress (68 Stat. 905), shall not be applicable to the crops of wheat planted for harvest in the

calendar years 1971, 1972, and 1973.

Sec. 407. The amount of any wheat stored by a producer under section 379c(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, prior to the 1971 crop of wheat may be reduced by the amount by which the actual total production of the 1971, 1972, or 1973 crop on the farm is less than the number of bushels determined by multiplying three times the domestic allotment for such crop on the farm by the yield established for the farm for the purpose of issuance of domestic marketing certificates. The provisions of such section shall continue to apply to the wheat so stored to the extent not inconsistent therewith.

SEC. 408. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of the commodity the Agricultural Act of 1949 as amended is further amended by adding in section 408 a new subsection (k) as

follows:

Applicability.

"Acreage allot-

Marketing excess, penalty. 7 USC 1330,

Ante, p. 1365.

1340. Storage.

> 63 Stat. 1055. 7 USC 1428.

"REFERENCES TO TERMS MADE APPLICABLE TO WHEAT AND FEED GRAINS

"(k) References made in sections 402, 403, 406, and 416 to the terms 'support price,' 'level of support,' and 'level of price support' shall be considered to apply as well to the level of loans and purchases for wheat and feed grains under this Act; and references made to the terms 'price support,' 'price support operations,' and 'price support program' in such sections and in section 401(a) shall be considered as applying as well to the loan and purchase operations for wheat and feed grains under this Act."

Sec. 409. Section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is further amended effective only with respect to the marketing years 82 Stat. 703,996.

for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of the commodity as follows:

(1) by deleting in the third sentence the language following the third colon and substituting the following: "Provided, That the Corporation shall not sell any of its stocks of wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, and rye, respectively, at less than 115 per centum of the current national average loan rate for the commodity, adjusted for such current market differentials reflecting grade, quality, location, and other value factors as the Secretary determines appropriate, plus reasonable carrying charges."

(2) by deleting in the fifth sentence "current basic county support rate including the value of any applicable price-support payment in kind (or a comparable price if there is no current basic county support rate)" and substituting "current basic county loan rate (or a comparable price if there is no current basic

county loan rate)", and

(3) by deleting in the seventh sentence ", but in no event shall the purchase price exceed the then current support price for such commodities." and substituting "or unduly affecting market prices, but in no event shall the purchase price exceed the Corporation's minimum sales price for such commodities for unrestricted use."

Sec. 410. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of wheat, feed grains and cotton, if in any year at

63 Stat. 1055; 79 State 1197; 7 USC 1427.

least 55 per centum of the cropland acreage on an established summer fallow farm is devoted to a summer fallow use, no further acreage shall be required to be set aside under the wheat, feed grain and cotton programs for such year.

## TITLE V-FEED GRAINS

Loans and pur-

72 Stat. 994; 77 Stat. 44; 79 Stat. 1188. 7 USC 1441 note.

63 Stat. 1054; 78 Stat. 175. 7 USC 1421. SEC. 501. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of feed grains, section 105 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 105. Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(a) (1) The Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases on each crop of corn at such level, not less than \$1.00 per bushel nor in excess of 90 per centum of the parity price therefor, as the Secretary determines will encourage the exportation of feed grains and not result in excessive total stocks of feed grains in the United States.

"(2) The Secretary shall make available to producers loans and purchases on each crop of barley, oats, and rye, respectively, at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the level that loans and purchases are made available for corn, taking into consideration the feeding value of such commodity in relation to corn and the other factors specified in section 401(b), and on each crop of grain sorghums at such level as the Secretary determines is fair and reasonable in relation to the level that loans and purchases are made available for corn, taking into consideration the feeding value and average transportation costs to market of grain sorghums in relation to corn.

"(b) (1) In addition, the Secretary shall make available to producers payments for each crop of corn, grain sorghums, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley. The payment rate for corn shall be at such rate as, together with the national average market price received by farmers for corn during the first five months of the marketing year for the crop, the Secretary determines will not be less than (A) \$1.35 per bushel, or (B) 70 per centum of the parity price of corn as of the beginning of the marketing year, whichever is the greater. The payment rate for grain sorghums and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, shall be such rate as the Secretary determines fair and reasonable in relation to the rate at which payments are made available for corn. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rate of payment for the 1973 crop shall not be such as will result in a total amount of payments which the Secretary estimates will be made pursuant to this subsection with respect to the 1973 crop of feed grains above the total amount of payments made pursuant to this subsection with respect to the 1972 crop of feed grains by reason of the level specified in clause (B) being fixed above 68 per centum of the parity price for corn.

Payments, computation.

"(2) The payments with respect to a farm shall be made available on 50 per centum of the feed grain base for the farm and shall be computed on the basis of the yield established for the farm for the preceding crop with such adjustments as the Secretary determines

necessary to provide a fair and equitable yield.

"(3) If for any crop the total acreage on a farm planted to feed grains included in the program formulated under this subsection is less than the portion of the feed grain base for the farm on which payments are available under this subsection, the feed grain base for the farm for the succeeding crops shall be reduced by the percentage by which the planted acreage is less than such portion of the feed grain base for the farm, but such reduction shall not exceed 20 per centum of the feed grain base. If no acreage has been planted to such feed grains for three consecutive crop years on any farm which has a feed

Feed grain base, reduction.

grain base, such farm shall lose its feed grain base: Provided, That no farm feed grain base shall be reduced or lost through failure to plant, if the producer elects not to receive payment for such portion of the farm feed grain base not planted, to which he would otherwise be entitled under the provisions of this Act. Any such acres eliminated from any farm shall be assigned to a national pool for the adjustment of feed grain bases as provided for in subsection (e) (2). Producers on any farm who have planted to such feed grains not less than 90 per centum of the portion of the feed grain base on which payments are made available shall be considered to have planted an acreage equal to 100 per centum of such portion. An acreage on the farm which the Secretary determines was not planted to such feed grains because of drought, flood, or other natural disaster or condition beyond the control of the producer shall be considered to be an acreage of feed grains planted for harvest. For the purpose of this paragraph, the Secretary may permit producers of feed grains to have acreage devoted to soybeans or to wheat considered as devoted to the production of such feed grains to such extent and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines will not impair the effec-

tive operation of the feed grain or soybean program.

"(c) (1) The Secretary shall provide for a set-aside of cropland if he determines that the total supply of feed grains or other commodities will, in the absence of such a set-aside, likely be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices of feed grains and to meet a national emergency. If a set-aside of cropland is in effect under this subsection (c), then as a condition of eligibility for loans, purchases, and payments on corn, grain sorghums, and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, respectively, the producers on a farm must set aside and devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland equal to (i) such percentage of the feed grain base for the farm as may be specified by the Secretary, plus (ii) the acreage of cropland on the farm devoted in preceding years to soil-conserving uses, as determined by the Secretary. The Secretary is authorized for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops to limit the acreage planted to feed grains on the farm to such percentage of the feed grain base as he determines necessary to provide an orderly transition to the program provided for under this section. If for any crop, the producer so requests for purposes of having acreage devoted to the production of wheat considered as devoted to the production of feed grains, pursuant to the provisions of section 328 of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1962, the term 'feed grains' shall include oats and rye, and barley, if not designated by the Secretary as provided above. Such section 328 shall be effective in 1971, 1972, 1973 to the same extent as it would be if a diversion program were in effect for feed grains during each of such years. Grazing shall not be permitted during any of the five principal months of the normal growing season as determined by the county committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, and subject to this limitation (1) the Secretary shall permit producers to plant and graze on the set-aside acreage sweet sorghum, and (2) the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, all or any of the set-aside acreage to be devoted to grazing or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, or other commodity, if he determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply, is not likely to increase the cost of the price-support program, and will not adversely affect farm income.

Cropland, set-

76 Stat. 631; 79 Stat. 1206. 7 USC 1339c. "Feed grains."

52 Stat. 31; 78 Stat. 743. 16 USC 590h.

Land diversion payments.

"(2) To assist in adjusting the acreage of commodities to desirable goals, the Secretary may make land diversion payments, in addition to the payments authorized in subsection (b), to producers on a farm who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in addition to that required to be so devoted under subsection (c) (1). The land diversion payments for a farm shall be at such rate or rates as the Secretary determines to be fair and reasonable taking into consideration the diversion undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted. The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to adversely affect the economy of the county or local community.

Lands, public use, additional payments.

"(3) The feed grain program formulated under this section shall require the producer to take such measures as the Secretary may deem appropriate to protect the set-aside acreage and the additional diverted acreage from erosion, insects, weeds, and rodents. Such acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies. The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm as the Secretary may prescribe by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject

to applicable State and Federal regulations.

"(4) If the operator of the farm desires to participate in the program formulated under this section, he shall file his agreement to do so no later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe. Loans and purchases on feed grains included in the set-aside program and payments under this section shall be made available to producers on such farm only if the producers set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses an acreage on the farm equal to the number of acres which the operator agrees to set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses, and the agreement shall so provide. The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with the producer, terminate or modify any such agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection (c) (4) if he determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster, or in order to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

Payment shar-

ing.

"(d) The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments under this section among producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.

"(e) (1) For the purpose of this section, the feed grain base shall be the average acreage devoted on the farm to corn, grain sorghums and,

if designated by the Secretary, barley in 1959 and 1960.

"(2) The Secretary may make such adjustments in acreage under this section as he determines necessary to correct for abnormal factors affecting production, and to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop-rotation practices, types of soil, soil and water conservation measures, and topography, and in addition, in the case of conserving use acreages to such other factors as he deems necessary in order to establish a fair and equitable conserving use acreage for the farm. The Secretary shall, upon the request of a majority of the State committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, adjust the feed grain bases for farms within any State or county in order to establish fair and equitable feed grain bases for farms within such State or county: Provided, That except for acreage provided for in subsection (b) (3),

52 Stat. 31; 78 Stat. 743. 16 USC 590h. adjustments made pursuant to this sentence shall not increase the total State feed grain acreage. The Secretary is authorized to draw upon the acreage pool provided for in subsection (b)(3) in making such adjustments. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the feed grain base for the farm shall be adjusted downward

to the extent required by subsection (b) (3).

"(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection not to exceed 1 per centum of the estimated total feed grain bases for all farms in a State for any year may be reserved from the feed grain bases established for farms in the State for apportionment to farms on which there were no acreages devoted to feed grains in the crop years 1959 and 1960 on the basis of the following factors: suitability of the land for the production of feed grains, the extent to which the farm operator is dependent on income from farming for his livelihood, the production of feed grains on other farms owned, operated, or controlled by the farm operator, and such other factors as the Secretary determines should be considered for the purpose of establishing fair and equitable feed grain bases. No part of such reserve shall be allocated to a farm to reflect new cropland brought into production after the date of enactment of the set-aside program for feed grains. An acreage equal to the feed grain base so established for each farm shall be deemed to have been devoted to feed grains on the farm in each of the crop years 1959 and 1960 for purposes of this section.

"(f) In any case in which the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section precludes the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as he determines to be equitable in relation

to the seriousness of the default.

"(g) The Secretary shall make a preliminary payment to producers, as soon as practicable after July 1 of the year in which the crop is harvested, at a rate equal to 32 cents per bushel for corn, with comparable rates for grain sorghums and, if designated by the Secretary, barley, and the payment so made shall not be reduced if the rate as finally determined is less than the rate of the preliminary payment. If the set-aside in effect under subsection (c) is less than 20 per centum of the feed grain base, the preliminary payment rate under this subsection shall be reduced proportionately.

"(h) The Secretary is authorized to issue such regulations as he determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

"(i) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation."

# TITLE VI—COTTON

Sec. 601. The Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended effective beginning with the 1971 crop of upland cotton as follows:

(1) Sections 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, and 377 of the Act shall not be

applicable to upland cotton of the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops.

(2) A new section 342a is added to read as follows:

"Sec. 342a. The Secretary shall, not later than November 15, of the calendar years 1970, 1971, and 1972, proclaim a national cotton production goal for the 1971 and subsequent crops of upland cotton. The national cotton production goal for any year shall be the number of bales of upland cotton (standard bales of four hundred and eighty pounds not weight) equal to the estimated domestic consumption and estimated exports for the marketing year beginning in the calendar

Preliminary payments.

Regulations.

52 Stat. 31. 7 USC 1281 and note.

7 USC 1342-1346, 1377.

National cotton production goal.

year for which such national cotton production goal is proclaimed, plus an allowance of not less than 5 per centum of such estimated consumption and estimated exports for market expansion except that the Secretary shall make such adjustments in the amount of such production goal as he determines necessary after taking into consideration the estimated stocks of upland cotton in the United States (including the qualities of such stocks) and stocks in foreign countries, which would be available for the marketing year, to assure the maintenance of adequate but not excessive carryover stocks in the United States (not less than 50 per centum of the average offtake for the three preceding marketing years) to provide a continuous and stable supply of the different qualities of upland cotton needed in the United States and in foreign cotton consuming countries and, in addition, to provide an adequate reserve for purposes of national security."

(3) Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops.

section 344a is amended as follows:

(1) subsection (a) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall (1) permit the owner and operator of any farm for which a farm base acreage allotment is established to sell or lease all or any part or the right to all or any part of such allotment to any other owner or operator of a farm for which a farm base acreage allotment is established (other than pursuant to section 350(e)(1)(A)) for transfer to such farm; and (2) permit the owner of a farm to transfer all or any part of such allotment to any other farm owned or controlled by him: Provided, That any temporary transfer of farm acreage allotment by lease or by owner approved by the county committee to take effect during the period 1966 through 1970 for a term extending beyond 1970 shall be approved pro rata on the basis of the farm base acreage allotment for the farm from which the transfer is made, but no temporary transfer by lease entered into after March 15, 1970, shall be approved for 1974 and subsequent crops."

(2) subdivisions (ii), (iv), (v), and (vi) of subsection (b), the last sentence of subsection (b) and subsections (e) and (h) shall not be applicable to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops: Provided, That no farm allotment may be sold or leased for transfer to a farm in another county unless the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, for the county from which such transfers are being made (1) finds that a demand for such acreage allotments no longer exists in such county and (2) approves any trans-

fers of allotments to farms outside such county.

(4) Section 350 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 350. (a) The Secretary shall establish for each of the 1971, acreage allotment, 1972, and 1973 crops of upland cotton a national base acreage allotment. Such national base acreage allotment shall be announced not later than November 15 of the calendar year preceding the year for which the national base acreage allotment is to be effective. The national base acreage allotment for any crop of cotton shall be the number of acres which the Secretary determines on the basis of the expected national yield will produce an amount of cotton equal to the estimated domestic consumption of cotton (standard bales of four hundred and eighty pounds net weight) for the marketing year beginning in the year in which the crop is to be produced, plus not to exceed 25 per centum thereof if the Secretary, taking into consideration other actions he may take under the Agricultural Act of 1970, determines that such additional amount is necessary to provide for a production which will equal the national cotton production goal, except that such national

Acreage allotments, sale or 79 Stat. 1197: 82 Stat. 996. 7 USC 1344b.

Post, p. 1373.

Limitation.

52 State 31; 78 Stat. 743. 16 USC 590h.

79 Stat. 1193. 7 USC 1350. National base establishment.

base acreage allotment shall be eleven million five hundred thousand acres for the 1971 crop and in the case of the 1972 and 1973 crops shall be in such amount as the Secretary determines necessary to maintain

adequate supplies.

"(b) The national base acreage allotment for each crop of upland cotton shall be apportioned by the Secretary to the States on the basis of the acreage planted (including acreage regarded as having been planted) to upland cotton within the farm acreage allotment or the farm base acreage allotment, whichever is in effect, during the five calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year in which the national cotton production goal is proclaimed, with adjustments for abnormal weather conditions or other natural disaster during such period.

"(c) The State base acreage allotment for each crop of upland cotton shall be apportioned to counties on the same basis as to years and conditions as is applicable to the State under subsection (b): Provided, That the State committee may reserve not to exceed 2 per centum of its State acreage allotment which shall be used to make adjustments in county allotments for trends in acreage, for counties adversely affected by abnormal conditions affecting plantings, or for small or new farms, or to correct inequities in farm allotments and to prevent hardships.

"(d) The Secretary shall adjust the apportionment base for each county as may be necessary because of transfers of allotments across

county lines.

"(e) (1) The county base acreage allotment for the 1971 crop shall be apportioned to old cotton farms in the county on the basis of the domestic acreage allotment established for the farm for the 1970 crop. For the 1972 and each subsequent crop of upland cotton the county base acreage allotment shall be apportioned to old cotton farms in the county on the basis of the farm base acreage allotment established for such farm for the preceding year. The county committee may reserve not in excess of 10 per centum of the county allotment which, in addition to the acreage made available under the proviso in subsection (c), shall be used for (A) establishing allotments for farms on which cotton was not planted (or regarded as planted) during any of the three calendar years immediately preceding the year for which the allotment is made, on the basis of land, labor, and equipment available for the production of cotton, crop-rotation practices, and the soil and other physical facilities affecting the production of cotton; and (B) making adjustments of the farm allotments established under this paragraph so as to establish allotments which are fair and reasonable in relation to the factors set forth in this paragraph and abnormal conditions of production on such farms, or in making adjustments in farm allotments to correct inequities and to prevent hardships. No part of such reserve shall be apportioned to a farm to reflect new cropland brought into production after the date of enactment of the Agricultural Act of 1970.

"(2) If for any crop the total acreage of cotton planted on a farm is less than the farm base acreage allotment, the farm base acreage allotment used as a base for the succeeding crop shall be reduced by the percentage by which such planted acreage was less than such farm base acreage allotment, but such reduction shall not exceed 20 per centum of the farm base acreage allotment for the preceding crop. If not less than 90 per centum of the base acreage allotment for the farm is planted to cotton, the farm shall be considered to have an acreage planted to cotton equal to 100 per centum of such allotment. For purposes of this paragraph, an acreage on the farm which the Secretary determines was not planted to cotton because of drought, flood, other

Apportionment

Apportionment to counties.

Apportionment to farms. natural disaster, or a condition beyond the control of the producer shall be considered to be an acreage planted to cotton. For the purpose of this paragraph, the Secretary shall, in the event producers of wheat or feed grains are permitted to do so, permit producers of cotton to have acreage devoted to soybeans, wheat, or feed grains considered as devoted to the production of cotton to such extent and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines will not impair the effective operation of the cotton or soybean program.

Farm base acreage allotment, termination,

"(3) If no acreage is planted to cotton for any three consecutive crop years on any farm which had a farm base acreage allotment for such

years, such farm shall lose its base acreage allotment.

"(f) Effective for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops, any part of any farm base acreage allotment on which upland cotton will not be planted and which is voluntarily surrendered to the county committee shall be deducted from the farm base acreage allotment for such farm and may be reapportioned by the county committee to other farms in the same county receiving farm base acreage allotments in amounts determined by the county committee to be fair and reasonable on the basis of past acreage of upland cotton, land, labor, equipment available for the production of upland cotton, crop rotation practices, and soil and other physical facilities affecting the production of upland cotton. If all of the acreage voluntarily surrendered is not needed in the county, the county committee may surrender the excess acreage to the State committee to be used to make adjustments in farm base acreage allotments for other farms in the State adversely affected by abnormal conditions affecting plantings or to correct inequities or to prevent hardship. Any farm base acreage allotment released under this provision shall be regarded for the purpose of establishing future farm base acreage allotments as having been planted on the farm and in the county where the release was made rather than on the farm and in the county to which the allotment was transferred: Provided, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any part of any farm base acreage allotment for any crop year may be permanently released in writing to the county committee by the owner and operator of the farm and reapportioned as provided herein. Acreage released under this subsection shall be credited to the State in determining future allotments.

"(g) Any farm receiving any base acreage allotment through release and reapportionment or sale, lease, or transfer shall, as a condition to the right to receive such allotment, comply with the set-aside requirements of section 103(e) (4) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended,

applicable to such acreage as determined by the Secretary.

"(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if the Secretary determines for any year that because of drought, flood, other natural disaster, or a condition beyond the control of the producer a portion of the farm base acreage allotment in a county cannot be timely planted or replanted in such year, he may authorize for such year the transfer of all or a part of such cotton acreage for any farm in the county so affected to another farm in the county or in an adjoining county on which one or more of the producers on the farm from which the transfer is to be made will be engaged in the production of upland cotton and will share in the proceeds thereof, in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe. Any farm base acreage allotment transferred under this subsection shall be regarded as planted to upland cotton on the farm and in the county and State from which transfer is made for purposes of establishing future farm, county and State allotments."

Sec. 602. Effective beginning with the 1971 crop of upland cotton, section 103 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection (e) reading as follows:

Post, p. 1376.

72 State 989; 79 State 1194e 7 USC 1444e

Loans.

"(e) (1) The Secretary shall upon presentation of warehouse receipts reflecting accrued storage charges of not more than 60 days make available for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of upland cotton to cooperators nonrecourse loans for a term of ten months from the first day of the month in which the loan is made at such level as will reflect for Middling one-inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) at average location in the United States 90 per centum of the acreage world price for such cotton for the two-year period ending July 31 in the year in which the loan level is announced, except that to prevent the establishment of such a loan level as would adversely affect the competitive position of United States upland cotton, following one or more years of excessively high prices, the Secretary shall make such adjustments as are necessary to keep United States upland cotton competitive and to retain an adequate share of the world market for such cotton. The average world price for such cotton for such preceding two-year period shall be determined by the Secretary annually pursuant to a published regulation which shall specify the procedures and the factors be to used by the Secretary in making the world price determination. The loan level for any crop of upland cotton shall be determined and announced not later than November 1 of the calendar year preceding the marketing year for which such loan is to be effective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the carryover of upland cotton as of the beginning of the marketing year for the 1972 or 1973 crop exceeds 7.2 million bales, producers on any farm harvesting cotton of such crop from an acreage in excess of the base acreage allotment for such farm shall be entitled to loans and purchases only on an amount of the cotton of such crop produced on such farm determined by multiplying the yield used in computing payments for such farm by the base acreage allotment for such farm.

"(2) In addition, the Secretary shall make available to cooperators payments on the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of upland cotton. The payments shall be at such rate per pound as, together with the national average market price for Middling one-inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) in the designated spot markets during the first five months of the marketing year for the crop, the Secretary determines will be equal to the greater of (i) 35 cents, or (ii) 65 per centum of the parity price for upland cotton as of the beginning of the marketing year, except that the rate of payment so determined for the 1972 crop and the 1973 crop, respectively, shall be adjusted by multiplying the amount thereof by the ratio of (i) the national base acreage allotment for the 1971 crop to (ii) the national base acreage allotment for the crop for which the rate is being determined: Provided, That the payment rate with respect to any producer who (i) is on a small farm (that is, a farm on which the base acreage allotment is ten acres or less, or on which the yield used in making payments times the farm base acreage allotment is five thousand pounds or less, and for which the base acreage allotment has not been reduced under section 350(f)), (ii) resides on such farm, and (iii) derives his principal income from cotton produced on such farm, shall be increased by 30 per centum; but, notwithstanding paragraph (3), such increase shall be made only with respect to his share of cotton actually harvested on such farm within the quantity specified in paragraph (3). The Secretary shall make a preliminary payment to producers, as soon as practicable after July 1 of the year in which the crop is harvested, at a rate equal to 15 cents per pound, and the payment so made shall not be reduced if the rate as finally determined is less than the rate of the preliminary payment.

"(3) Such payments shall be made available for a farm on the quantity of upland cotton determined by multiplying the acreage planted

Payments.

Small farm, payment bonus.

Ante, p. 1374.

within the farm base acreage allotment for the farm for the crop by the average yield established for the farm: Provided, That payments shall be made on any farm planting not less than 90 per centum of the farm base acreage allotment on the basis of the entire amount of such allotment. For purposes of this paragraph, an acreage on the farm which the Secretary determines was not planted to cotton because of drought, flood, other natural disaster, or a condition beyond the control of the producer shall be considered to be an acreage planted to cotton. The average yield for the farm for any year shall be determined on the basis of the actual yields per harvested acre for the three preceding years, except that the 1970 farm projected yield shall be substituted in lieu of the actual yields for the years 1968 and 1969: Provided, That the actual yields shall be adjusted by the Secretary for abnormal yields in any year caused by drought, flood, or other natural disaster: Provided further, That the average yield established for the farm for any year shall not be less than the yield used in making payments for the preceding year if the total cotton production on the farm in such preceding year is not less than the yield used in making payments for the farm for such preceding year times the farm base acreage allotment for such preceding year (for the 1970 crop, the farm domestic allotment).

Set-aside cropland program.

Production restriction, authoritv.

52 Stat. 31;

78 Stat. 743. 16 USC 590h.

Land diversion payments,

Ante, p. 1375.

"(4)(A) The Secretary shall provide for a set aside of cropland if he determines that the total supply of agricultural commodities will, in the absence of such a set-aside, likely be excessive taking into account the need for an adequate carryover to maintain reasonable and stable supplies and prices and to meet a national emergency. If a set-aside of cropland is in effect under this paragraph (4), then as a condition of eligibility for loans and payments on upland cotton the producers on a farm must set aside and devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland equal to (i) such percentage of the farm base acreage allotment for the farm as may be specified by the Secretary (not to exceed 28 per centum of the farm base acreage allotment), plus (ii) the acreage of cropland on the farm devoted in preceding years to soil conserving uses, as determined by the Secretary. If the Secretary determines prior to the planting season for such crop that the carryover of upland cotton as of the beginning of the marketing year for the 1972 or 1973 crop will exceed 7.2 million bales, the Secretary is authorized for such crop to limit the acreage planted to upland cotton on the farm in excess of the farm base acreage allotment to such percentage of the farm base acreage allotment as he determines necessary to reduce the total supply to a reasonable level. Grazing shall not be permitted during any of the five principal months of the normal growing season as determined by the county committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, and subject to this limitation (1) the Secretary shall permit producers to plant and graze on the set-aside acreage sweet sorghum, and (2) the Secretary may permit, subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, all or any of the set-aside acreage to be devoted to grazing or the production of guar, sesame, safflower, sunflower, castor beans, mustard seed, crambe, plantago ovato, flaxseed, or other commodity, if he determines that such production is needed to provide an adequate supply, is not likely to increase the cost of the price-support program, and will not adversely affect farm income.

"(B) To assist in adjusting the acreage of commodities to desirable goals, the Secretary may make land diversion payments, in addition to the payments authorized in subsection (e) (2), to producers on a farm who, to the extent prescribed by the Secretary, devote to approved conservation uses an acreage of cropland on the farm in addition to

that required to be so devoted under subsection (e) (4) (A). The land diversion payments for a farm shall be at such rate or rates as the Secretary determines to be fair and reasonable taking into consideration the diversion undertaken by the producers and the productivity of the acreage diverted. The Secretary shall limit the total acreage to be diverted under agreements in any county or local community so as not to adversely affect the economy of the county or local community.

"(5) The upland cotton program formulated under this section shall require the producer to take such measures as the Secretary may deem appropriate to protect the set-aside acreage and the additional diverted acreage from erosion, insects, weeds, and rodents. Such acreage may be devoted to wildlife food plots or wildlife habitat in conformity with standards established by the Secretary in consultation with wildlife agencies. The Secretary may provide for an additional payment on such acreage in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit, without other compensation, access to all or such portion of the farm as the Secretary may prescribe by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State

and Federal regulations.

"(6) If the operator of the farm desires to participate in the program formulated under this section, he shall file his agreement to do so no later than such date as the Secretary may prescribe. Loans and purchases on upland cotton and payments under this section shall be made available to the producers on such farm only if producers set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses an acreage on the farm equal to the number of acres which the operator agrees to set aside and devote to approved soil conserving uses, and the agreement shall so provide. The Secretary may, by mutual agreement with the producer, terminate or modify any such agreement entered into pursuant to this subsection (e) (6) if he determines such action necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster, or in order to alleviate a shortage in the supply of agricultural commodities.

"(7) The Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers, including provision for sharing on a fair and equitable basis, in payments under this section.

"(8) In any case in which the failure of a producer to comply fully with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section precludes the making of loans, purchases, and payments, the Secretary may, nevertheless, make such loans, purchases, and payments in such amounts as he determines to be equitable in relation to the seriousness of the default.

"(9) The Secretary is authorized to issue such regulations as he

determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this Title.

"(10) The Secretary shall carry out the program authorized by this section through the Commodity Credit Corporation.

"(11) The provisions of subsection 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended (relating to assignment of

payments), shall apply to payments under this subsection."

Sec. 603. Effective only with respect to the period beginning August 1, 1971, and ending July 31, 1974, the tenth sentence of section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by deleting all of that sentence from the beginning to and including the words "110 per centum of the loan rate, and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision of law, (1) the Commodity Credit Corporation shall sell upland cotton for unrestricted use at the same prices as it sells cotton for export, in no event, however, at less than 110 per centum of the loan rate for Middling one-

Total diverted acreage, limita-

Recreational use, additional payments.

Tenants, equitable share.

> 80 Stat. 1167. 16 USC 590h.

79 State 1197e 7 USC 1427e inch upland cotton (micronaire 3.5 through 4.9) adjusted for such current market differentials reflecting grade, quality, location, and other value factors as the Secretary determines appropriate plus

reasonable carrying charges and (2)".

63 Stat. 1055; 79 Stat. 1197. 7 USC 1428. Sec. 604. Section 408(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by inserting a colon in lieu of the period at the end of the first sentence and adding the following: "And provided, That for the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of upland cotton a cooperator shall be a producer on a farm on which a farm base acreage allotment has been established who has set aside the acreage required under section 103(e)."

Ante, p. 1375.

Sec. 605. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is further amended as follows:

52 Stat. 31. 7 USC 1281.

(1) By adding in section 378 a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

72 Stat. 995. 7 USC 1378 and note.

"(d) The term 'allotment' as used in this section includes the farm

79 Stat. 1211. 7 USC 1379. base acreage allotment for upland cotton."
(2) By adding at the end of section 379 the following sentence: "The

term 'acreage allotments' as used in this section includes the farm base acreage allotments for upland cotton."

Ante, p. 1366.

(3) By adding in the first sentence of section 385 after the words "parity payment," the words "payments under the cotton set-aside

program,".

Ante, p. 1367. "Acreage allotements," Sec. 606. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops, section 706, Public Law 89-321 (79 Stat. 1210) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "The term 'acreage allotments' as used in this section includes the farm base acreage allotments for upland cotton."

Sec. 607. Effective only with respect to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops of the commodity, the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is further amended by adding in section 408 a new subsection (1) as follows:

Ante, p. 1367.

# "REFERENCE TO TERMS MADE APPLICABLE TO UPLAND COTTON

7 USC 1422, 1423, 1426, 1431.

"(1) References made in sections 402, 403, 406, and 416 to the terms 'support price,' 'level of support,' and 'level of price support' shall be considered to apply as well to the level of loans and purchases for upland cotton under this Act; and references made to the terms 'price support,' 'price support operations,' and 'price support program' in such sections and in section 401(a) shall be considered as applying as well to the loan and purchase operations for upland cotton under this Act."

7 USC 1421.

Sec. 608. Section 203 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, shall not be applicable to the 1971, 1972, and 1973 crops.

Nonapplicability. 70 Stat. 212. 7 USC 1446d. Annual report to Congress.

Sec. 609. The Secretary shall file annually with the President for transmission to the Congress a complete report of the programs carried out under this title. Such report shall include the amount of funds spent, the purposes for which such funds were spent, the basis for participation in such programs in the various States, and an appraisal of the effectiveness of the programs.

62 Stat. 1072. 15 USC 714c. 80 Stat. 279. 7 USC 2101 note. 7 USC 2106. Sec. 610. The Commodity Credit Corporation, in furtherance of its powers and duties under subsections (e) and (f) of section 5 of the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act, shall, through the Cotton Board established under the Cotton Research and Promotion Act, and upon approval of the Secretary, enter into agreements with the contracting organization specified pursuant to section 7(g) of that Act for the conduct, in domestic and foreign markets, of market develop-

ment, research or sales promotion programs and programs to aid in the development of new and additional markets, marketing facilities and uses for cotton and cotton products, including programs to facilitate the utilization and commercial application of research findings. Each year the amount available for such agreements shall be that portion of the funds (not exceeding \$10,000,000) authorized to be made available to cooperators under the cotton program for such year but which is not paid to producers because of a statutory limitation on the amounts of such funds payable to any producer. The Secretary is authorized to deduct from funds available for payments to producers under section 103 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, on each of the 1972 and 1973 crops of upland cotton such additional sums for use as specified above (not exceeding \$10,000,000 for each such crop) as he determines desirable; and the final rate of payment provided in section 103 if higher than the rate of the preliminary payment provided in such section shall be reduced to the extent necessary to defray such costs. No funds made available under this section shall be used for the purpose of influencing legislative action or general farm policy with respect to cotton.

Ante, p. 1374.

Use of funds, restriction.

# TITLE VII—EXTENSION OF TITLES I AND II OF PUBLIC LAW 480

Sec. 701. Section 409 of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (Public Law 83-480; 7 U.S.C. 1736c), is amended by striking the words "December 31, 1970." and

inserting in lieu thereof the words "December 31, 1973.".

Sec. 702. Section 104 of such Act is amended by inserting before the comma at the end of paragraph (1) of the first proviso following subsection (k) the following: ", and in the case of currencies to be used for the purposes specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) the Appropriation Act may specifically authorize the use of such currencies and shall not require the appropriation of dollars for the purchase of such currencies".

80 Stat. 1537; 82 Stat. 450.

80 Stat. 1528. 7 USC 1704.

# TITLE VIII—GENERAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

# LONG-TERM LAND RETTREMENT

Sec. 801. Section 16(e) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is amended—

(1) By inserting "(A)" after "Sec. 16(e)(1)".

(2) By inserting in the first sentence after "For the purpose of promoting the conservation and economic use of land" the following: ", and of assisting farmers who because of advanced age, poor health, or other reasons, desire to retire from farming but wish to continue living on their farms,".

(3) By inserting in the first sentence after "is authorized to enter into agreements," the following: "during the calendar years 1971,

1972, and 1973,"

(4) By striking out the proviso at the end of paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Provided, That any agree-

76 State 606. 16 USC 590pe

Retired farmers, assistance.

ments entered into under this section after July 1, 1970, shall prohibit grazing of such acreage.".

(5) By inserting a new subparagraph (B) at the end of paragraph

(1) to read as follows:

'(B) Such acreage may be devoted to approved wildlife food plots or fish and wildlife habitat which are established in conformity with standards developed by the Secretary in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary may compensate producers for such practices. The Secretary may also provide for payment in an amount determined by the Secretary to be appropriate in relation to the benefit to the general public if the producer agrees to permit access, without other compensation, to all or such portion of the farm as the Secretary may prescribe by the general public, for hunting, trapping, fishing, and hiking, subject to applicable State and Federal regulations. The Secretary after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior shall appoint an Advisory Board consisting of citizens knowledgeable in the fields of agriculture and wildlife with whom he may consult on the wildlife practice phase of programs under this subsection, and the Secretary may compensate members of the Board and reimburse them for per diem and traveling expenses. The Secretary shall invite the several States to participate in wildlife phases of programs under this subsection by assisting the Department of Agriculture in developing guidelines for (a) providing technical assistance for wildlife and habitat improvement practices, (b) reviewing applications of farmers for the public land use option and selecting eligible areas based on desirability of wildlife habitat, (c) determining accessibility, (d) evaluating effects on surrounding areas, (e) considering esthetic values, (f) checking compliance by cooperators, and (g) carrying out programs of wildlife stocking and management on the acreage set aside. The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior regarding regulations to govern the administration of those aspects of this subparagraph (B) that pertain to wildlife. Funds are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior for use in assisting the State wildlife agencies to carry out the provisions of this subparagraph and in administering such assistance."

(6) By adding at the end of paragraph (2) the following: "The foregoing provision shall not prevent a producer from placing a farm in the program if the farm was acquired by the producer to replace an eligible farm from which he was displaced because of its acquisition by any Federal, State, or other agency having the right of eminent domain."

(7) By adding at the end of paragraph (4) the following: "Any agreement may be terminated by mutual agreement with the producer if the Secretary determines that such termination would be in the

public interest."

(8) By adding at the end of paragraph (5) the following: "The Secretary may if he determines that such action will contribute to the effective and equitable administration of the program use an advertising-and-bid procedure in determining the lands in any area to be covered by agreements. The total acreage placed under agreements in any county or local community shall be limited to a percentage of the total eligible acreage in such county or local community which the Secretary determines would not adversely affect the economy of the county or local community. In determining such percentage the Secretary shall give appropriate consideration to the productivity of the acreage being retired as compared to the average productivity of eligible acreage in the county or local community."

(9) By adding a new paragraph (6) to read as follows:

Advisory Board,

76 Stat. 606.

16 USC 590p.

ational usage.

Wildlife, recre-

Total retired acreage, limitation.

"(6) For the purpose of obtaining an increase in the permanent retirement of cropland to noncrop uses the Secretary may, notwithstanding any other provision of law, transfer funds available for carrying out the program to any other Federal agency or to States or local government agencies for use in rural areas in acquiring cropland for the preservation of open spaces, natural beauty, the development of wildlife or recreational facilities, or the prevention of air or water pollution under terms and conditions consistent with and at costs not greater than those under agreements entered into with producers, provided the Secretary determines that the purpose of the program will be accomplished by such action. The Secretary also is authorized to share the cost with State and local governmental agencies and other Federal agencies in the establishment of practices or uses which will establish, protect, and conserve open spaces, natural beauty, wildlife or recreational resources, or prevent air or water pollution under terms and conditions and at costs consistent with those under agreements entered into with producers, provided the Secretary determines that the purposes of the program will be accomplished by such action. No appropriation shall be made for any agreement under this paragraph (6) involving an estimated total Federal payment in excess of \$250,000 unless such agreement has been approved by resolution adopted by the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry of the Senate."

(10) By striking out the last sentence of paragraph (7) and substituting the following: "In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall not during any of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1971, through June 30, 1973, or during the period June 30, 1973, to December 31, 1973, (A) enter into agreements with producers which would require payments to producers in any calendar year under such agreements in excess of \$10,000,000 plus any amount by which agreements entered into in prior fiscal years require payments in amounts less than authorized for such years, or (B) enter into agreements with States or local agencies under paragraph (6) which would require payments to such State or local government agencies in any calendar year under such agreements in excess of \$10,000,000 plus any amount by which agreements entered into in prior fiscal years require payments in amounts less than authorized for such years. For purposes of applying the foregoing limitations, the annual payment shall be chargeable to the year in which performance is rendered regardless of the year in which it is

made."

(11) By striking out "June 30, 1963" in paragraph (7) and sub-

stituting "June 30, 1972".

(12) By inserting "farming opportunities and" preceding the words "interests of tenants and sharecroppers in paragraph (3)".

#### MARKETING QUOTA EXEMPTION FOR BOILED PEANUTS

Sec. 802. The last paragraph of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the peanut marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and for other purposes", approved August 13, 1957 (7 U.S.C. 1359 note), is amended to read as follows: "This amendment shall be effective for the 1957 and subsequent crops of peanuts."

71 Stat. 344.

### VOLUNTARY RELINQUISHMENT OF ALLOTMENTS

SEC. 803. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may provide for the reduction or cancellation of any allotment or

Payments, limi-

76 State 607.

base when the owner of the farm states in writing that he has no further use of such allotment or base.

## INDEMNIFICATION FOR BEEKEEPERS

Pesticide residue losses.

Appropriations.

Regulations.

Effective date.

Sec. 804. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to make indemnity payments to be keepers who through no fault of their own have suffered losses of honey bees after January 1, 1967, as a result of utilization of economic poisons near or adjacent to the property on which the beehives of such beekeepers were located.

(b) The amount of the indemnity payment in the case of any beekeeper shall be determined on the basis of the net loss sustained by such

beekeeper as a result of the loss of his honey bees.

(c) Indemnity payments shall be made only in cases in which the loss occurred as a result of the use of economic poisons which had been registered and approved for use by the Federal Government.

(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as

may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(e) The Secretary is authorized to issue such regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

(f) The provisions of this section shall not be in effect after Decem-

ber 31, 1973.

Hay production on set-aside or diverted acreage. Ante, pp. 1362, 1368, 1371.

SEC. 805. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall permit any producer who is participating in the wheat program under title IV of this Act, in the feed grain program under title V of this Act, or in the cotton program under title VI of this Act, in any year in which an acreage diversion or set-aside program is in effect, under any such program in which such producer is participating, subject to the conditions prescribed in subsection (b) of this section, to plant and harvest hay from 25 per centum of the acreage on the farm diverted from production under such programs or twenty-five acres, whichever is greater.

(b) Any producer who elects to plant and harvest hay on diverted or set aside acreage pursuant to this section shall first agree not to use any such hay harvested from such acreage unless authorized to do so

by the Secretary.

(c) When any diverted or set aside acreage has been planted and harvested under authority of this section, the hay harvested therefrom shall be baled and stored in sealed storage on the farm in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe and shall be available only for use during periods of emergency declared by the Secretary. In order to avoid deterioration of such hay stored on the farm for emergency purposes pursuant to this section, the Secretary may permit such hay to be removed and used or sold from time to time so long as an amount of hay equal to the amount removed is previously placed in storage and sealed.

(d) Any farmer who has hay stored on his farm for emergency purposes pursuant to this section may remove such hay from storage and use it whenever the Secretary has (1) designated as an emergency area the area in which such farm is located, and (2) specifically authorized

the use of emergency hay by farmers in the area.

Hay storage, loans, conditions. (e) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to make or guarantee loans to farmers, both tenants and landowners, to assist such farmers in the construction of storage facilities on the farm for the storage of emergency hay pursuant to the provisions of this section if such farmers are unable to obtain loans from commercial sources at reasonable rates and on reasonable terms and conditions. Loans made by the Secretary under this subsection shall be made at the current rate of

80 Stat. 1318;

75 Stat. 307.

interest for periods not exceeding ten years, and on such other terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe.

Sec. 806. (a) Section 306 of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1926), is amended by add-

ing at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

"(d) Any amounts appropriated under this section shall remain available until expended, and any amounts authorized for any fiscal year under this section but not appropriated may be appropriated for any succeeding fiscal year."

(b) Subtitle A of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1921–1929), is amended by adding

at the end thereof a new section as follows:

"Sec. 310. Funds appropriated for the purpose of making direct real estate loans to farmers and ranchers under this subtitle shall remain available until expended."

# TITLE IX—RURAL DEVELOPMENT

### COMMITMENT OF CONGRESS

Sec. 901. (a) The Congress commits itself to a sound balance between rural and urban America. The Congress considers this balance so essential to the peace, prosperity, and welfare of all our citizens that the highest priority must be given to the revitalization and development of rural areas.

### LOCATION OF FEDERAL FACILITIES

(b) Congress hereby directs the heads of all executive departments and agencies of the Government to establish and maintain, insofar as practicable, departmental policies and procedures with respect to the location of new offices and other facilities in areas or communities of lower population density in preference to areas or communities of high population densities. The President is hereby requested to submit to the Congress not later than September 1 of each fiscal year a report reflecting the efforts during the immediately preceding fiscal year of all executive departments and agencies in carrying out the provisions of this section, citing the location of all new facilities, and including a statement covering the basic reasons for the selection of all new locations.

Report to Con-

## PLANNING ASSISTANCE

(c) The Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Congress a joint progress report as to their efforts during the immediately preceding fiscal year to provide assistance to States planning for the development of rural multicounty areas not included in economically depressed areas under authority of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968. The first such annual report shall be submitted not later than December 1, 1970, and shall cover the period beginning August 1, 1968, the date of enactment of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and ending June 30, 1970.

Report to Congress.

82 Stat. 476. 12 USC 1701t note.

#### INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

(d) The Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Congress a report not later than September 1 of each fiscal year reflecting the efforts of the Department of Agriculture to provide information and technical assistance to small communities and less populated areas in regard to rural development during the immediately preceding fiscal year. The first such annual report shall be submitted not later than

Report to Con-

December 1, 1970, covering the period beginning July 1, 1969, and ending June 30, 1970. The Secretary shall include in such reports to what extent technical assistance has been provided through land-grant colleges and universities, through the Extension Service, and other programs of the Department of Agriculture.

#### GOVERNMENT SERVICES

Report to Congress. (e) The President shall submit to the Congress a report not later than September 1 of each fiscal year stating the availability of telephone, electrical, water, sewer, medical, educational, and other government or government assisted services to rural areas and outlining efforts of the executive branch to improve these services during the immediately preceding fiscal year. The President is requested to submit the first such annual report, covering the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, on or before December 1, 1970.

### FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Report to Con-

(f) The President shall report to Congress on the possible utilization of the Farm Credit Administration and agencies in the Department of Agriculture to fulfill rural financial assistance requirements not filled by other agencies. The President is requested to submit the report requested by this section on or before July 1, 1971, together with such recommendations for legislation as he deems appropriate.

Approved November 30, 1970.

# Public Law 91-525

December 1, 1970 [H.J. Res. 1403]

### JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide an additional temporary extension of the Federal Housing Administration's insurance authority.

Housing. Ante, p. 1064. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1971".

(b) Section 217 of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1,

1970" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1971".

(c) Section 221(f) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the fifth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1971".

(d) Section 809 (f) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof

"January 1, 1971".

(e) Section 810(k) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1971".

(f) Section 1002(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof

"January 1, 1971".

(g) Section 1101(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "December 1, 1970" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1971".

Approved December 1, 1970.